

Additional Information to the Product Disclosure Statement

Pendal Sustainable Australian Fixed Interest Fund

APIR Code: BTA0507AU



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Read this

The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statement for the Pendal Sustainable Australian Fixed Interest Fund (Fund) dated 1 July 2019 (PDS). You should read this information together with the PDS before making a decision to invest into the Fund. This additional information is general information only and does not take into account your personal financial situation or needs.

1. Restrictions on withdrawals

There may be circumstances where your ability to withdraw from the Fund is restricted. The following text contains further information on restrictions on withdrawals and should be read in conjunction with the PDS.

If the Fund is illiquid (as defined in the Corporations Act), withdrawals from the Fund will only be possible if we make a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. We are not obliged to make such an offer. However, if we do, you are only able to withdraw your investment in accordance with the terms of a current withdrawal offer. If an insufficient amount of money is available from the assets specified in the withdrawal offer to satisfy withdrawal requests, the requests will be satisfied proportionately amongst those investors wishing to withdraw from the Fund. Under the Corporations Act, a trust is illiquid if it has less than 80% liquid assets (generally cash and marketable securities).

The constitution of the Fund also contains specific provisions that provide us with powers in relation to withdrawals. The specific provisions in the constitution are summarised below.

Provision	Explained
Payment of withdrawals by transfer of assets	We may transfer assets to you rather than pay cash in satisfaction of all or any part of your withdrawal request. The assets (together with any cash paid to you) must be of equal value to the total amount of your withdrawal request based on a valuation which is consistent with the range of ordinary commercial practice for valuation of assets of that type and is reasonably current, having regard to the type of assets involved and prevailing market conditions. We may require you to pay for the costs involved in the transfer of assets or we may deduct such costs from the amount payable to you.
Large withdrawals from a single investor	If we receive a withdrawal request from a single investor on a day which, in our view, would be likely to result in a withdrawal payment exceeding 5% of the Fund's value we can sell selected assets of the Fund that have a total value (as at the time the exit price is calculated) equal to the withdrawal amount and pay the net proceeds of the sale instead of the withdrawal amount to the investor, even if those proceeds do not equal the withdrawal amount.
Large withdrawals from multiple investors	If we receive a large amount of withdrawal requests in a single day which exceed the specified limit (currently 10% of the Fund's value but we can change this), a proportion of the withdrawal requests may not receive the exit price for that day and may be deemed to be received on the next Business Day.

Delay in realising assets	If, after taking all reasonable steps, we are unable to realise sufficient assets to satisfy a withdrawal request due to circumstances beyond our control such as restricted or suspended trading in the market for an asset or if we believe it is not in the best interests of unitholders to realise assets, the period allowed to satisfy withdrawal requests may be extended by the number of days during which the circumstances apply.		
Suspension of withdrawals	We may suspend withdrawal requests at any time and for such period as we consider appropriate in the circumstances (including where the Fund is illiquid). If we do so, the period we take to satisfy withdrawal requests will be extended by the period of the suspension. The exit price will be determined as at the next time we value the Fund after the suspension is lifted.		
Net asset value falls by 5%	If we consider that the net asset value of the Fund has fallen by 5% or more after the exit price for a withdrawal request has been calculated (but before the unit has been redeemed), we may recalculate the exit price as at a valuation time determined by us.		

2. Indirect investors

The following text contains further information on indirect investors and should be read in conjunction with the PDS.

An investment in the Fund offered under the Fund's PDS through a master trust or wrap account does not entitle you to a direct interest in the Fund.

This means that the rights that apply to a person who invests directly in the Fund are not available to indirect investors but rather, to the operator or custodian of the master trust or wrap account. The operator or custodian of the master trust or wrap account will be recorded in the register as the investor and will be the person who exercises the rights and receives the benefits of an investor.

Persons who invest through a master trust or wrap account may be subject to different conditions from those referred to in the PDS, particularly in regard to:

- how to transact on your investment (initial and additional investments and withdrawals are determined by the master trust or wrap account operator);
- cooling-off period and rights (no cooling-off rights apply to any investments in the Fund acquired through a master trust or wrap account operator);
- timing of distributions, withdrawals and the processing of transactions are determined by the master trust or wrap account operator;
- cut-off times for transacting (eg applications and withdrawals) are determined by the master trust or wrap account operator;
- fund reporting and other documentation including notices about fee increases and other significant events (Fund reports and investor notices are sent to the master trust or wrap account operator who then provide this information to indirect investors):
- fees and other costs (additional fees and expenses may be charged by the operator or custodian of the master trust or wrap account).

Investors in the master trust or wrap account should contact their financial adviser or master trust or wrap account operator for any investor queries.

3. Labour, environmental, social and ethical considerations

The following text contains further information on the labour, environmental, social and ethical considerations that we take into account when selecting, retaining or realising investments in the Fund and should be read in conjunction with the PDS.

The Fund invests in securities issued in Australia by Australian and offshore issuers that are considered to meet the Fund's sustainable and ethical criteria. Our sustainable assessment process considers the extent to which an issuer exhibits appropriate strategic recognition, board oversight, policies and systems to manage the issuer's material environmental, social, and corporate governance (ESG) issues. Specifically, the assessment may consider issues such as:

Environmental management

 Management of environmental impacts through the implementation of best practice environmental techniques, technologies and product design

- Environmental performance against a range of environmental indicators including, for example, greenhouse gas emissions, energy and water use and environmental incidents
- The capacity to consult key stakeholders in relation to activities that may have significant environmental impacts
- Adoption of best practice with regards to management and disclosure of material risks and opportunities associated with climate change

Social practices

- Equal opportunity, anti-discrimination and industrial relations policies and practices
- Staff incentives, development and training
- · Employee benefits and entitlements
- Human capital management performance against a range of indicators, such as voluntary turnover and gender diversity in senior management
- Products or services that provide positive social impacts such as improved health & community well-being, disease
 prevention, and education
- Management of contractors and suppliers
- · Workplace health and safety performance against indicators such as fatalities and lost time injury frequency rate

Corporate governance and business conduct

- Codes of conduct and the extent of their integration into the issuer's operations
- · Provision of regular and appropriate training
- Whistleblower policies and procedures
- Ethical conduct and performance of employees and officers the extent to which issuers are adopting principles in areas such as complying with the law, fair and open dealings and accepting responsibility for their actions
- Product safety and consumer protection
- Engagement practices with employees, shareholders, and key community stakeholders

Ethical practices

The Fund will not invest in issuers with material business involvement in the following activities:

- the production of tobacco or alcohol,
- manufacture or provision of gaming facilities,
- manufacture of weapons or armaments,
- manufacture or distribution of pornography,
- the direct mining of uranium for the purpose of weapons manufacturing,
- extraction of thermal coal and oil sands production.

We consider that an issuer has a material business involvement in an activity if 10% or more of its total revenue is derived from that activity.

How these factors are taken into account when selecting investments

The investable universe consists of issuers satisfying our sustainable and ethical assessment process. Issuers with higher sustainable, ethical and financial ratings will typically be favoured to those issuers with lower scores. Lower ranked issuers will generally be excluded from the Fund's investable universe.

The criteria applied to the Fund's investments may exclude some issuers from the investable universe of the Fund's portfolio. For this reason the Fund's performance may vary when compared to other funds that are able to invest in these issuers. This risk should be considered when deciding whether to invest in the Fund.

The Fund's compliance with the investment guidelines is reviewed regularly (usually monthly, but this timeframe is not fixed). If our review process identifies that an investment ceases to comply with the investment guidelines for the Fund, the investment will usually be sold as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to the interests of investors (but this may vary on a case by case basis).

4. Additional information about fees and costs

The following section provides further details about fees and other costs that you may be charged for investing in the Fund along with further information about the additional fees and costs that could apply to your investment. This information should be read in conjunction with the PDS.

Type of Fee or Cost ¹	Amount		How and when paid			
Fees when your money moves in or out of the Fund						
Establishment fee The fee to open your investment	Nil		Not applicable			
Contribution fee The fee on each amount contributed to your investment	Nil		Not applicable			
Withdrawal fee The fee on each amount you take out of your investment	Nil		Not applicable			
Exit fee The fee to close your investment	Nil		Not applicable			
Management costs						
The fees and costs for managing your investment	At the date of this PDS, management costs consist of the following components:					
	Issuer fee	0.40% pa	The issuer fee is paid from the assets of the Fund and reflected in the unit price of your investment. The fee is generally calculated on the value of the Fund daily and paid to us after the end of each month.			
	Estimated expense recoveries ²	Nil	Expenses are generally reimbursed to us out of the assets of the Fund after the end of each month.			
	Estimated indirect costs ³	Nil	Reflected in the unit price of the Fund and are not charged to you or retained by us.			
	Estimated total management costs ⁴	0.40% pa				
Service fees						
Switching fee The fee for changing investment options	Nil		Not applicable			

¹ Fees in this PDS can be individually negotiated if you are a wholesale client under the Corporations Act.

² At the date of this PDS, we pay recoverable expenses (if any, excluding any GST payable on our fees) out of our issuer fee. However, if we decide to deduct expenses in addition to the issuer fee in the future, we will give you 30 days' written notice.

³³ This is an estimate of the Fund's indirect costs for the financial year ending June 2018.

⁴ The actual total management costs may vary from this estimate.

Additional explanation of fees and costs

Transactional and operational costs

Transactional and operational costs such as brokerage, bid-offer spreads on securities traded, settlement costs, clearing costs and government charges may be incurred as a result of changes in a Fund's investment portfolio either in relation to implementing the Fund's investment strategy or investors entering or exiting the Fund.

Transaction costs that are incurred in relation to investors entering or exiting the Fund are recouped via the Fund's buy-sell spread (being the difference between the Fund's entry and exit unit prices).

For the financial year ending June 2018, the estimated total transactional and operational costs for the Fund were 0.03%. Of this amount, we estimate 0.01% was recouped via the buy-sell spread and 0.02% reduced the return of the Fund. These costs may vary from year to year depending on the transactional or operational costs in implementing the Fund's investment strategy and/or investors entering or exiting the Fund.

When a Fund incurs transactional and operational costs these are paid out of the Fund's assets and reflected in its unit price and are not charged to you as an additional fee or cost.

Indirect investors - additional master trust or wrap account fees

For indirect investors accessing the Fund through a master trust or wrap account, additional fees and costs may apply. These fees and costs are stated in the offer document provided by your master trust or wrap account operator.

Product access payments and fund manager payments

From the fees we receive, we may pay product access payments (as a flat dollar amount each year) to wrap platforms, master trusts or other investment administration services (**Platforms**) for making the Fund available on their investment menus.

Fund manager payments to Platform operators (based on volumes of business generated) are only paid by us where such payments are permitted under an arrangement entered into with the relevant Platform operator before 1 July 2013. Volume based fund manager payments are not paid by Pendal under new arrangements entered into with Platform operators on or after 1 July 2013.

The amount of these payments may change during the life of the PDS. As these amounts are paid by us out of our own resources, they are not an additional cost to you.

Rebates/waivers for interfunding arrangements

The Fund may invest from time to time in other funds that we, or a related entity, manage (related fund). Our current policy is:

- no contribution fee is payable to the related fund;
- issuer fees are either not collected by the related fund or if they are, they are rebated in full to the Fund; and
- where the related fund charges expense recoveries outside the issuer fee, these will also be rebated to the Fund. However, we may change these arrangements at any time, in which case, we will give investors 30 days' notice.

Ability to negotiate fees - wholesale investors

If you are classed as a wholesale investor (such as a professional investor) under the Corporations Act, in accordance with ASIC policy, all fees described in this PDS may be individually negotiated. There is no set manner or method of negotiating fees. Please contact our Client Services team for further information.

Fees paid to financial advisers and other persons

Direct remuneration

Pendal does not pay commissions to financial advisers who provide financial product advice to retail investors.

Non-monetary benefits

We may make non-monetary payments or benefits (including sponsorships, gifts and entertainment) to financial advisers, dealer groups and platform providers who provide financial product advice to retail investors where those payments are less than \$300 or are given in relation to providing information technology support or software used for professional development, or for genuine educational and training purposes.

If these amounts or benefits are provided, they are payable out of the fees and costs we are entitled to receive and are not an additional cost to you.

Register of non-monetary benefits

We maintain a register that outlines all of the non-monetary payments or benefits that we make to financial advisers, dealer groups and platform providers or receive from them with a value between \$100 to \$300.

You can obtain a copy of this register by contacting our Client Services team.

Incidental fees and costs

Standard Government fees, duties and bank charges may also apply to your investments and withdrawals including dishonour fees and conversion costs.

Taxes

Unless otherwise stated, all fees quoted in the PDS are quoted on a GST inclusive basis and net of any applicable Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITCs).

5. How managed investment schemes are taxed

Taxation

Investing in the Fund is likely to have tax consequences. Before investing in the Fund, you should obtain professional tax advice about the Australian tax consequences applicable to you, and if appropriate, any foreign tax consequences that may apply to you based on your particular circumstances.

The taxation information contained in this document reflects Australian tax laws and their interpretation as at the date of issue of this document.

Attribution Managed Investment Trust (AMIT) Regime

The AMIT tax regime is designed specifically for managed funds, to provide certainty and flexibility to managed funds and their investors.

We have elected that the Fund be an AMIT from the 2018/19 financial year.

As an investor in the Fund, you will be taxed on the income of the Fund that has been attributed to you on a 'fair and reasonable basis' for each financial year that the Fund qualifies as an AMIT.

The AMIT Member Annual (AMMA) statement provided to you after the end of the financial year will set out the details of taxable income that has been attributed to you.

Taxation of the Fund

We intend to manage the Fund so that the Fund is not subject to Australian tax.

We do not expect the Fund to be subject to tax on the income of the Fund (other than in relation to withholding tax on foreign income or other taxes in respect of non-resident investors) as we intend that:

- when the Fund is an AMIT: all taxable income of the Fund will be 'attributed' to investors on a 'fair and reasonable' basis in each financial year and be reflected in the AMMA statement provided to investors; and
- when the Fund is not an AMIT: investors will continue to be presently entitled to all the net income of the Fund in each financial year and an investor's share of the net taxable income of the Fund will be reflected in the tax statement provided to the investor.

While the Fund is an AMIT, we have the discretion to accumulate income (instead of, or in addition to, distributing income to investors), and if we do so, the accumulated income will be reflected in the Fund's unit price. Our policy is generally to distribute the net income of the Fund (including net realised capital gains) for each financial year to investors.

If you disagree with our attribution of taxable income, you may write to the Commissioner of Taxation within 4 months of the end of the relevant income year. You will be required to provide us with a copy of this submission at the same time.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) and Common Reporting Standard (CRS)

Foreign Tax Residency Information

We are required to identify tax residents of a country or countries other than Australian in order to meet account information reporting requirements under domestic and international laws.

If at any time after account opening, information in our possession suggests that you, or the entity or any individual who holds ownership and/or control in the entity of 25% or more (Controlling Person), may be a tax resident of a country or countries other than Australia, you may be contacted to provide further information. Failure to respond may lead to certain reporting requirements applying to the account.

A Controlling Person refers to the individual(s) that directly or indirectly own a legal interest in the entity of 25% or more and/or exercises actual effective control over the entity, whether from an economic or other perspective such as through voting rights. Where no individuals are identified as exercising control of the entity through ownership interests, the Controlling Person of the entity is deemed to be the individual(s) who hold the position of senior managing official. In the case of a trust, a Controlling Person includes the settlor(s), trustee(s), appointer(s), protector(s) or classes of beneficiaries and in the case of an entity other than a trust, the term includes persons of equivalent or similar positions.